

Case I: The case where (s, t', t) is equal to $(r, r, 2r)$.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \text{>} s := r; t2 := r; \alpha := r; \\
 & \quad s := r \\
 & \quad t2 := r \\
 & \quad \alpha := r \tag{1}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \text{>} \text{Eig1} := \alpha^2 + s \cdot t2 + s; \text{Mult1} := 1; \\
 & \quad \text{Eig1} := 2r^2 + r \\
 & \quad \text{Mult1} := 1 \tag{2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \text{>} \text{Eig2} := s + \alpha - t2 - 1; \text{Mult2} := \\
 & \quad \text{simplify}\left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{(\alpha^2 + \alpha + 1)(\alpha^2 - \alpha + 1)(s \cdot t2 + 1)(\alpha^2 + s \cdot t2)\alpha^2 s}{(\alpha^2 + \alpha s + s^2)(\alpha^2 - \alpha t2 + t2^2)}\right); \\
 & \quad \text{Eig2} := r - 1 \\
 & \quad \text{Mult2} := \frac{1}{3} (r^2 + r + 1)(r^2 - r + 1)(r^2 + 1)r \tag{3}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \text{>} \text{Eig3} := s - \alpha - t2 - 1; \text{Mult3} := \\
 & \quad \text{simplify}\left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{(\alpha^2 + \alpha + 1)(\alpha^2 - \alpha + 1)(s \cdot t2 + 1)(\alpha^2 + s \cdot t2)\alpha^2 s}{(\alpha^2 - \alpha s + s^2)(\alpha^2 + \alpha t2 + t2^2)}\right); \\
 & \quad \text{Eig3} := -r - 1 \\
 & \quad \text{Mult3} := \frac{1}{3} (r^2 + r + 1)(r^2 - r + 1)(r^2 + 1)r \tag{4}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \text{>} \text{Eig4} := s \cdot t2 + s - \alpha - 1; \text{Mult4} := \text{simplify}\left(\frac{(\alpha^2 - \alpha + 1)(s \cdot t2 + 1)(\alpha^2 + s \cdot t2)\alpha^2}{2s^2 t2^2 - 2\alpha s t2 + 2\alpha^2}\right); \\
 & \quad \text{Eig4} := r^2 - 1 \\
 & \quad \text{Mult4} := r^2(r^2 + 1) \tag{5}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \text{>} \text{Eig5} := s \cdot t2 + s + \alpha - 1; \text{Mult5} := \text{simplify}\left(\frac{(\alpha^2 + \alpha + 1)(s \cdot t2 + 1)(\alpha^2 + s \cdot t2)\alpha^2}{2s^2 t2^2 + 2\alpha s t2 + 2\alpha^2}\right); \\
 & \quad \text{Eig5} := r^2 + 2r - 1 \\
 & \quad \text{Mult5} := r^2(r^2 + 1) \tag{6}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \text{>} \text{Eig6} := \text{simplify}\left(-\frac{(\alpha^2 + s \cdot t2 + s)}{s}\right); \text{Mult6} := \\
 & \quad \text{simplify}\left(\frac{(\alpha^2 + \alpha + 1)(\alpha^2 - \alpha + 1)(s \cdot t2 + 1)s^6}{(\alpha^4 + \alpha^2 s^2 + s^4)(s + t2)}\right); \\
 & \quad \text{Eig6} := -2r - 1 \tag{7}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$Mult6 := \frac{1}{6} (r^2 + r + 1) (r^2 - r + 1) (r^2 + 1) r \quad (7)$$

$$\begin{aligned} > Eig7 &:= \text{simplify}\left(\frac{(\alpha^2 + s \cdot t2 - t2)}{t2}\right); Mult7 := \\ &\text{simplify}\left(\frac{t2^5 s (\alpha^2 + \alpha + 1) (\alpha^2 - \alpha + 1) (s t2 + 1)}{(\alpha^2 + \alpha t2 + t2^2) (\alpha^2 - \alpha t2 + t2^2) (s + t2)}\right); \\ &Eig7 := 2 r - 1 \end{aligned}$$

$$Mult7 := \frac{1}{6} (r^2 + r + 1) (r^2 - r + 1) (r^2 + 1) r \quad (8)$$

$$\begin{aligned} > Eig8 &:= \text{simplify}\left(\frac{(s^2 \cdot t2 - s \cdot t2 - \alpha^2)}{s \cdot t2}\right); Mult8 := \text{simplify}\left(\frac{(\alpha^4 + \alpha^2 + 1) s^5 t2^5}{s^4 t2^4 + \alpha^2 s^2 t2^2 + \alpha^4}\right); \\ &Eig8 := r - 2 \\ &Mult8 := r^6 \end{aligned} \quad (9)$$

All multiplicities are integral.

Case II: The case where (s, t', t) is equal to $(r, r^2, 2r^2)$. We put $r = u^2$ with $u > 1$.

$$\begin{aligned} > s &:= u^2; t2 := u^4; alpha := u^3; \\ &s := u^2 \\ &t2 := u^4 \\ &\alpha := u^3 \end{aligned} \quad (10)$$

$$\begin{aligned} > Eig1 &:= \alpha^2 + s \cdot t2 + s; Mult1 := 1; \\ &Eig1 := 2 u^6 + u^2 \\ &Mult1 := 1 \end{aligned} \quad (11)$$

$$\begin{aligned} > Eig2 &:= s + \alpha - t2 - 1; Mult2 := \\ &\text{simplify}\left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{(\alpha^2 + \alpha + 1) (\alpha^2 - \alpha + 1) (s t2 + 1) (\alpha^2 + s t2) \alpha^2 s}{(\alpha^2 + \alpha s + s^2) (\alpha^2 - \alpha t2 + t2^2)}\right); \\ &Eig2 := -u^4 + u^3 + u^2 - 1 \\ &Mult2 := \frac{u^{22} + 2 u^{16} + 2 u^{10} + u^4}{(u^2 + u + 1) (u^2 - u + 1)} \end{aligned} \quad (12)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
> \text{Eig3} &:= s - \alpha - t2 - 1; \text{Mult3} := \\
&\text{simplify}\left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{(\alpha^2 + \alpha + 1)(\alpha^2 - \alpha + 1)(s t2 + 1)(\alpha^2 + s t2)\alpha^2 s}{(\alpha^2 - \alpha s + s^2)(\alpha^2 + \alpha t2 + t2^2)}\right); \\
&\text{Eig3} := -u^4 - u^3 + u^2 - 1 \\
&\text{Mult3} := \frac{u^{22} + 2 u^{16} + 2 u^{10} + u^4}{(u^2 + u + 1)(u^2 - u + 1)}
\end{aligned} \tag{13}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
> \text{Eig4} &:= s \cdot t2 + s - \alpha - 1; \text{Mult4} := \text{simplify}\left(\frac{(\alpha^2 - \alpha + 1)(s t2 + 1)(\alpha^2 + s t2)\alpha^2}{2 s^2 t2^2 - 2 \alpha s t2 + 2 \alpha^2}\right); \\
&\text{Eig4} := u^6 - u^3 + u^2 - 1 \\
&\text{Mult4} := u^{12} + u^6
\end{aligned} \tag{14}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
> \text{Eig5} &:= s \cdot t2 + s + \alpha - 1; \text{Mult5} := \text{simplify}\left(\frac{(\alpha^2 + \alpha + 1)(s t2 + 1)(\alpha^2 + s t2)\alpha^2}{2 s^2 t2^2 + 2 \alpha s t2 + 2 \alpha^2}\right); \\
&\text{Eig5} := u^6 + u^3 + u^2 - 1 \\
&\text{Mult5} := u^{12} + u^6
\end{aligned} \tag{15}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
> \text{Eig6} &:= \text{simplify}\left(-\frac{(\alpha^2 + s \cdot t2 + s)}{s}\right); \text{Mult6} := \\
&\text{simplify}\left(\frac{(\alpha^2 + \alpha + 1)(\alpha^2 - \alpha + 1)(s t2 + 1)s^6}{(\alpha^4 + \alpha^2 s^2 + s^4)(s + t2)}\right); \\
&\text{Eig6} := -2 u^4 - 1 \\
&\text{Mult6} := \frac{u^2 (u^4 - u^2 + 1) (u^6 - u^3 + 1) (u^6 + u^3 + 1)}{u^4 + u^2 + 1}
\end{aligned} \tag{16}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
> \text{Eig7} &:= \text{simplify}\left(\frac{(\alpha^2 + s \cdot t2 - t2)}{t2}\right); \text{Mult7} := \\
&\text{simplify}\left(\frac{t2^5 s (\alpha^2 + \alpha + 1)(\alpha^2 - \alpha + 1)(s t2 + 1)}{(\alpha^2 + \alpha t2 + t2^2)(\alpha^2 - \alpha t2 + t2^2)(s + t2)}\right); \\
&\text{Eig7} := 2 u^2 - 1 \\
&\text{Mult7} := \frac{(u^4 - u^2 + 1)(u^6 - u^3 + 1)(u^6 + u^3 + 1)u^8}{(u^2 - u + 1)(u^2 + u + 1)}
\end{aligned} \tag{17}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
> \text{Eig8} &:= \text{simplify}\left(\frac{(s^2 \cdot t2 - s \cdot t2 - \alpha^2)}{s \cdot t2}\right); \text{Mult8} := \text{simplify}\left(\frac{(\alpha^4 + \alpha^2 + 1)s^5 t2^5}{s^4 t2^4 + \alpha^2 s^2 t2^2 + \alpha^4}\right); \\
&\text{Eig8} := u^2 - 2 \\
&\text{Mult8} := u^{18}
\end{aligned} \tag{18}$$

$$> \text{rem}(u^{18} + 2 u^{12} + 2 u^6 + 1, u^4 + u^2 + 1, u); \tag{19}$$

All multiplicities can be written as a rational function

in the variable $r = u^2$ (not true for the eigenvalues)

. The GCD of

u^4 and $u^4 + u^2 + 1$ is 1. So, Mult2 is integral if and only

if $u^{18} + 2u^{12} + 2u^6 + 1$ is divisible by $u^4 + u^2 + 1$. The

latter is however not true as the remainder of the division is

equal to $6 < u^4 + u^2 + 1$.

Case III: The case where (s, t', t) is equal to $(r, r, r(r^2 + 1))$.

> $s := r; t2 := r; \alpha := r^2;$
 $\quad \quad \quad s := r$
 $\quad \quad \quad t2 := r$
 $\quad \quad \quad \alpha := r^2$ (20)

> $Eig1 := \alpha^2 + s \cdot t2 + s; Mult1 := 1;$
 $\quad \quad \quad Eig1 := r^4 + r^2 + r$
 $\quad \quad \quad Mult1 := 1$ (21)

> $Eig2 := s + \alpha - t2 - 1; Mult2 :=$
 $\quad \quad \quad \text{simplify}\left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{(\alpha^2 + \alpha + 1)(\alpha^2 - \alpha + 1)(s t2 + 1)(\alpha^2 + s t2)\alpha^2 s}{(\alpha^2 + \alpha s + s^2)(\alpha^2 - \alpha t2 + t2^2)}\right);$
 $\quad \quad \quad Eig2 := r^2 - 1$
 $\quad \quad \quad Mult2 := \frac{1}{2} (r^4 - r^2 + 1) (r^2 + 1)^2 r^3$ (22)

> $Eig3 := s - \alpha - t2 - 1; Mult3 :=$
 $\quad \quad \quad \text{simplify}\left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{(\alpha^2 + \alpha + 1)(\alpha^2 - \alpha + 1)(s t2 + 1)(\alpha^2 + s t2)\alpha^2 s}{(\alpha^2 - \alpha s + s^2)(\alpha^2 + \alpha t2 + t2^2)}\right);$
 $\quad \quad \quad Eig3 := -r^2 - 1$

$$Mult3 := \frac{1}{2} (r^4 - r^2 + 1) (r^2 + 1)^2 r^3 \quad (23)$$

> $Eig4 := s \cdot t2 + s - \alpha - 1; Mult4 := simplify\left(\frac{(\alpha^2 - \alpha + 1)(s t2 + 1)(\alpha^2 + s t2)\alpha^2}{2 s^2 t2^2 - 2 \alpha s t2 + 2 \alpha^2}\right);$
 $Eig4 := r - 1$

$$Mult4 := \frac{1}{2} (r^4 - r^2 + 1) (r^2 + 1)^2 r^2 \quad (24)$$

> $Eig5 := s \cdot t2 + s + \alpha - 1; Mult5 := simplify\left(\frac{(\alpha^2 + \alpha + 1)(s t2 + 1)(\alpha^2 + s t2)\alpha^2}{2 s^2 t2^2 + 2 \alpha s t2 + 2 \alpha^2}\right);$
 $Eig5 := 2 r^2 + r - 1$

$$Mult5 := \frac{1}{6} (r^4 + r^2 + 1) (r^2 + 1)^2 r^2 \quad (25)$$

> $Eig6 := simplify\left(-\frac{(\alpha^2 + s \cdot t2 + s)}{s}\right); Mult6 :=$
 $simplify\left(\frac{(\alpha^2 + \alpha + 1)(\alpha^2 - \alpha + 1)(s t2 + 1)s^6}{(\alpha^4 + \alpha^2 s^2 + s^4)(s + t2)}\right);$
 $Eig6 := -r^3 - r - 1$

$$Mult6 := \frac{1}{2} r (r^2 + 1) (r^4 - r^2 + 1) \quad (26)$$

> $Eig7 := simplify\left(\frac{(\alpha^2 + s \cdot t2 - t2)}{t2}\right); Mult7 :=$
 $simplify\left(\frac{t2^5 s (\alpha^2 + \alpha + 1)(\alpha^2 - \alpha + 1)(s t2 + 1)}{(\alpha^2 + \alpha t2 + t2^2)(\alpha^2 - \alpha t2 + t2^2)(s + t2)}\right);$
 $Eig7 := r^3 + r - 1$

$$Mult7 := \frac{1}{2} r (r^2 + 1) (r^4 - r^2 + 1) \quad (27)$$

> $Eig8 := simplify\left(\frac{(s^2 \cdot t2 - s \cdot t2 - \alpha^2)}{s \cdot t2}\right); Mult8 := simplify\left(\frac{(\alpha^4 + \alpha^2 + 1)s^5 t2^5}{s^4 t2^4 + \alpha^2 s^2 t2^2 + \alpha^4}\right);$
 $Eig8 := -r^2 + r - 1$

$$Mult8 := \frac{1}{3} (r^8 + r^4 + 1) r^2 \quad (28)$$

All multiplicities are integral.

Case IV: The case where (s, t', t) is equal to $\left(r, r^2, r^2(r^3 + 1)\right)$.

$$\begin{aligned} > s := r; t2 := r^2; \alpha := r^3; \\ &\quad s := r \\ &\quad t2 := r^2 \\ &\quad \alpha := r^3 \end{aligned} \tag{29}$$

$$\begin{aligned} > \text{Eig1} := \alpha^2 + s \cdot t2 + s; \text{Mult1} := 1; \\ &\quad \text{Eig1} := r^6 + r^3 + r \\ &\quad \text{Mult1} := 1 \end{aligned} \tag{30}$$

$$\begin{aligned} > \text{Eig2} := s + \alpha - t2 - 1; \text{Mult2} := \\ &\quad \text{simplify}\left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{(\alpha^2 + \alpha + 1)(\alpha^2 - \alpha + 1)(s t2 + 1)(\alpha^2 + s t2)\alpha^2 s}{(\alpha^2 + \alpha s + s^2)(\alpha^2 - \alpha t2 + t2^2)}\right); \\ &\quad \text{Eig2} := r^3 - r^2 + r - 1 \\ &\quad \text{Mult2} := \frac{(r^6 + r^3 + 1)(r^6 - r^3 + 1)(r + 1)^2 r^4}{2 r^2 + 2 r + 2} \end{aligned} \tag{31}$$

$$\begin{aligned} > \text{Eig3} := s - \alpha - t2 - 1; \text{Mult3} := \\ &\quad \text{simplify}\left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{(\alpha^2 + \alpha + 1)(\alpha^2 - \alpha + 1)(s t2 + 1)(\alpha^2 + s t2)\alpha^2 s}{(\alpha^2 - \alpha s + s^2)(\alpha^2 + \alpha t2 + t2^2)}\right); \\ &\quad \text{Eig3} := -r^3 - r^2 + r - 1 \\ &\quad \text{Mult3} := \frac{1}{2} \frac{r^{22} + 2 r^{19} + 2 r^{16} + 2 r^{13} + 2 r^{10} + 2 r^7 + r^4}{(r^4 - r^2 + 1)(r^2 + r + 1)} \end{aligned} \tag{32}$$

$$\begin{aligned} > \text{Eig4} := s \cdot t2 + s - \alpha - 1; \text{Mult4} := \text{simplify}\left(\frac{(\alpha^2 - \alpha + 1)(s t2 + 1)(\alpha^2 + s t2)\alpha^2}{2 s^2 t2^2 - 2 \alpha s t2 + 2 \alpha^2}\right); \\ &\quad \text{Eig4} := r - 1 \\ &\quad \text{Mult4} := \frac{1}{2} r^3 (r^{12} + r^9 + r^3 + 1) \end{aligned} \tag{33}$$

$$\begin{aligned} > \text{Eig5} := s \cdot t2 + s + \alpha - 1; \text{Mult5} := \text{simplify}\left(\frac{(\alpha^2 + \alpha + 1)(s t2 + 1)(\alpha^2 + s t2)\alpha^2}{2 s^2 t2^2 + 2 \alpha s t2 + 2 \alpha^2}\right); \\ &\quad \text{Eig5} := 2 r^3 + r - 1 \\ &\quad \text{Mult5} := \frac{1}{6} (r^6 + r^3 + 1) (r^3 + 1)^2 r^3 \end{aligned} \tag{34}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{Eig6} &:= \text{simplify}\left(-\frac{(\alpha^2 + s \cdot t2 + s)}{s}\right); \text{Mult6} := \\
&\quad \text{simplify}\left(\frac{(\alpha^2 + \alpha + 1)(\alpha^2 - \alpha + 1)(s \cdot t2 + 1)s^6}{(\alpha^4 + \alpha^2 s^2 + s^4)(s + t2)}\right); \\
&\quad \text{Eig6} := -r^5 - r^2 - 1 \\
&\quad \text{Mult6} := \frac{(r^6 + r^3 + 1)(r^6 - r^3 + 1)r}{r^6 + r^5 - r^3 + r + 1}
\end{aligned} \tag{35}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{Eig7} &:= \text{simplify}\left(\frac{(\alpha^2 + s \cdot t2 - t2)}{t2}\right); \text{Mult7} := \\
&\quad \text{simplify}\left(\frac{t2^5 s (\alpha^2 + \alpha + 1)(\alpha^2 - \alpha + 1)(s \cdot t2 + 1)}{(\alpha^2 + \alpha t2 + t2^2)(\alpha^2 - \alpha t2 + t2^2)(s + t2)}\right); \\
&\quad \text{Eig7} := r^4 + r - 1 \\
&\quad \text{Mult7} := \frac{(r^6 - r^3 + 1)(r^6 + r^3 + 1)r^2}{r^2 + r + 1}
\end{aligned} \tag{36}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{Eig8} &:= \text{simplify}\left(\frac{(s^2 \cdot t2 - s \cdot t2 - \alpha^2)}{s \cdot t2}\right); \text{Mult8} := \text{simplify}\left(\frac{(\alpha^4 + \alpha^2 + 1)s^5 t2^5}{s^4 t2^4 + \alpha^2 s^2 t2^2 + \alpha^4}\right); \\
&\quad \text{Eig8} := -r^3 + r - 1 \\
&\quad \text{Mult8} := \frac{1}{3} (r^{12} + r^6 + 1) r^3
\end{aligned} \tag{37}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{rem}(r^{12} + r^6 + 1, r^2 + r + 1, r);
&\quad 3
\end{aligned} \tag{38}$$

The GCD of r^2 and $r^2 + r + 1$ is 1. So, Mult 7 is integral
if and only if $r^{12} + r^6 + 1$ is divisible by $r^2 + r + 1$.
The latter is however not true as the remainder of the
division is equal to 3 < $r^2 + r + 1$.

Note that Eig5=Eig7 for r=2. Since Mult5 is always
integral, the above conclusion remains valid for r=2.

Case V: The case where (s, t', t) is equal to $(r, r, r(r^6 + 1))$.

$$\begin{aligned} > s := r; t2 := r; \alpha := r^4; \\ &\quad s := r \\ &\quad t2 := r \\ &\quad \alpha := r^4 \end{aligned} \tag{39}$$

$$\begin{aligned} > \text{Eig1} := \alpha^2 + s \cdot t2 + s; \text{Mult1} := 1; \\ &\quad \text{Eig1} := r^8 + r^2 + r \\ &\quad \text{Mult1} := 1 \end{aligned} \tag{40}$$

$$\begin{aligned} > \text{Eig2} := s + \alpha - t2 - 1; \text{Mult2} := \\ &\quad \text{simplify}\left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{(\alpha^2 + \alpha + 1)(\alpha^2 - \alpha + 1)(s t2 + 1)(\alpha^2 + s t2)\alpha^2 s}{(\alpha^2 + \alpha s + s^2)(\alpha^2 - \alpha t2 + t2^2)}\right); \\ &\quad \text{Eig2} := r^4 - 1 \\ &\quad \text{Mult2} := \frac{1}{2} \frac{(r^8 + r^4 + 1)(r^8 - r^4 + 1)(r^2 + 1)r^7(r^6 + 1)}{(r^6 + r^3 + 1)(r^6 - r^3 + 1)} \end{aligned} \tag{41}$$

$$\begin{aligned} > \text{Eig3} := s - \alpha - t2 - 1; \text{Mult3} := \\ &\quad \text{simplify}\left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{(\alpha^2 + \alpha + 1)(\alpha^2 - \alpha + 1)(s t2 + 1)(\alpha^2 + s t2)\alpha^2 s}{(\alpha^2 - \alpha s + s^2)(\alpha^2 + \alpha t2 + t2^2)}\right); \\ &\quad \text{Eig3} := -r^4 - 1 \\ &\quad \text{Mult3} := \frac{1}{2} \frac{(r^8 + r^4 + 1)(r^8 - r^4 + 1)(r^2 + 1)r^7(r^6 + 1)}{(r^6 + r^3 + 1)(r^6 - r^3 + 1)} \end{aligned} \tag{42}$$

$$\begin{aligned} > \text{Eig4} := s \cdot t2 + s - \alpha - 1; \text{Mult4} := \text{simplify}\left(\frac{(\alpha^2 - \alpha + 1)(s t2 + 1)(\alpha^2 + s t2)\alpha^2}{2 s^2 t2^2 - 2 \alpha s t2 + 2 \alpha^2}\right); \\ &\quad \text{Eig4} := -r^4 + r^2 + r - 1 \\ &\quad \text{Mult4} := \frac{1}{2} (r^2 + 1)^2 r^6 (r^8 - r^4 + 1) \end{aligned} \tag{43}$$

$$\begin{aligned} > \text{Eig5} := s \cdot t2 + s + \alpha - 1; \text{Mult5} := \text{simplify}\left(\frac{(\alpha^2 + \alpha + 1)(s t2 + 1)(\alpha^2 + s t2)\alpha^2}{2 s^2 t2^2 + 2 \alpha s t2 + 2 \alpha^2}\right); \\ &\quad \text{Eig5} := r^4 + r^2 + r - 1 \\ &\quad \text{Mult5} := \frac{1}{2} (r^2 + 1)^2 (r^4 - r^2 + 1)^2 r^6 \end{aligned} \tag{44}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{Eig6} &:= \text{simplify}\left(-\frac{(\alpha^2 + s \cdot t2 + s)}{s}\right); \text{Mult6} := \\
&\quad \text{simplify}\left(\frac{(\alpha^2 + \alpha + 1)(\alpha^2 - \alpha + 1)(s \cdot t2 + 1)s^6}{(\alpha^4 + \alpha^2 s^2 + s^4)(s + t2)}\right); \\
&\quad \text{Eig6} := -r^7 - r - 1 \\
&\quad \text{Mult6} := \frac{r^{19} + r^{17} + r^{11} + r^9 + r^3 + r}{2r^{12} + 2r^6 + 2}
\end{aligned} \tag{45}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{Eig7} &:= \text{simplify}\left(\frac{(\alpha^2 + s \cdot t2 - t2)}{t2}\right); \text{Mult7} := \\
&\quad \text{simplify}\left(\frac{t2^5 s (\alpha^2 + \alpha + 1)(\alpha^2 - \alpha + 1)(s \cdot t2 + 1)}{(\alpha^2 + \alpha t2 + t2^2)(\alpha^2 - \alpha t2 + t2^2)(s + t2)}\right); \\
&\quad \text{Eig7} := r^7 + r - 1 \\
&\quad \text{Mult7} := \frac{1}{2} \frac{r^{19} + r^{17} + r^{11} + r^9 + r^3 + r}{(r^6 + r^3 + 1)(r^6 - r^3 + 1)}
\end{aligned} \tag{46}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{Eig8} &:= \text{simplify}\left(\frac{(s^2 \cdot t2 - s \cdot t2 - \alpha^2)}{s \cdot t2}\right); \text{Mult8} := \text{simplify}\left(\frac{(\alpha^4 + \alpha^2 + 1)s^5 t2^5}{s^4 t2^4 + \alpha^2 s^2 t2^2 + \alpha^4}\right); \\
&\quad \text{Eig8} := -r^6 + r - 1 \\
&\quad \text{Mult8} := r^2 (r^8 - r^4 + 1)
\end{aligned} \tag{47}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{rem}(r^{18} + r^{16} + r^{10} + r^8 + r^2 + 1, r^6 - r^3 + 1, r); \\
&\quad r^5 - r^4 + 2
\end{aligned} \tag{48}$$

The GCD of r and $r^6 - r^3 + 1$ is 1. So,
if Mult 7 is integral then $r^{18} + r^{16} + r^{10} + r^8 + r^2 + 1$
+ 1 is divisible by $r^6 - r^3 + 1$.

The latter is however

not true as the remainder of the division is equal to $r^5 - r^4 + 2 < r^6 - r^3 + 1$.

Case VI: The case where (s, t', t) is equal to $(r, r^2, r^2(r^9$

$$+ 1 \Big) \Big)$$

$$\boxed{\begin{aligned} > s := r; t2 := r^2; \text{alpha} := r^6; \\ &\quad s := r \\ &\quad t2 := r^2 \\ &\quad \alpha := r^6 \end{aligned}} \tag{49}$$

$$\boxed{\begin{aligned} > \text{Eig1} := \alpha^2 + s \cdot t2 + s; \text{Mult1} := 1; \\ &\quad \text{Eig1} := r^{12} + r^3 + r \\ &\quad \text{Mult1} := 1 \end{aligned}} \tag{50}$$

$$\boxed{\begin{aligned} > \text{Eig2} := s + \alpha - t2 - 1; \text{Mult2} := \\ &\quad \text{simplify} \left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{(\alpha^2 + \alpha + 1)(\alpha^2 - \alpha + 1)(s t2 + 1)(\alpha^2 + s t2)\alpha^2 s}{(\alpha^2 + \alpha s + s^2)(\alpha^2 - \alpha t2 + t2^2)} \right); \\ &\quad \text{Eig2} := r^6 - r^2 + r - 1 \\ &\quad \text{Mult2} := \frac{1}{2} \frac{(r^{12} + r^6 + 1)(r^{12} - r^6 + 1)(r^3 + 1)r^{10}(r^9 + 1)}{(r^{10} + r^5 + 1)(r^8 - r^4 + 1)} \end{aligned}} \tag{51}$$

$$\boxed{\begin{aligned} > \text{Eig3} := s - \alpha - t2 - 1; \text{Mult3} := \\ &\quad \text{simplify} \left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{(\alpha^2 + \alpha + 1)(\alpha^2 - \alpha + 1)(s t2 + 1)(\alpha^2 + s t2)\alpha^2 s}{(\alpha^2 - \alpha s + s^2)(\alpha^2 + \alpha t2 + t2^2)} \right); \\ &\quad \text{Eig3} := -r^6 - r^2 + r - 1 \\ &\quad \text{Mult3} := \frac{1}{2} \frac{(r^6 + r^3 + 1)(r^6 - r^3 + 1)^2(r^{12} - r^6 + 1)(r + 1)^2 r^{10}}{(r^4 - r^2 + 1)(r^2 + r + 1)(r^8 + r^7 - r^5 - r^4 - r^3 + r + 1)} \end{aligned}} \tag{52}$$

$$\boxed{\begin{aligned} > \text{Eig4} := s \cdot t2 + s - \alpha - 1; \text{Mult4} := \text{simplify} \left(\frac{(\alpha^2 - \alpha + 1)(s t2 + 1)(\alpha^2 + s t2)\alpha^2}{2 s^2 t2^2 - 2 \alpha s t2 + 2 \alpha^2} \right); \\ &\quad \text{Eig4} := -r^6 + r^3 + r - 1 \\ &\quad \text{Mult4} := \frac{1}{2} (r^3 + 1)^2 r^9 (r^{12} - r^6 + 1) \end{aligned}} \tag{53}$$

$$\boxed{\begin{aligned} > \text{Eig5} := s \cdot t2 + s + \alpha - 1; \text{Mult5} := \text{simplify} \left(\frac{(\alpha^2 + \alpha + 1)(s t2 + 1)(\alpha^2 + s t2)\alpha^2}{2 s^2 t2^2 + 2 \alpha s t2 + 2 \alpha^2} \right); \\ &\quad \text{Eig5} := r^6 + r^3 + r - 1 \\ &\quad \text{Mult5} := \frac{1}{2} (r^9 + 1) r^9 (r^3 + 1) (r^6 - r^3 + 1) \end{aligned}} \tag{54}$$

$$\boxed{\begin{aligned} > \text{Eig6} := \text{simplify} \left(-\frac{(\alpha^2 + s \cdot t2 + s)}{s} \right); \text{Mult6} := \end{aligned}}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \text{simplify} \left(\frac{(\alpha^2 + \alpha + 1)(\alpha^2 - \alpha + 1)(s t2 + 1)s^6}{(\alpha^4 + \alpha^2 s^2 + s^4)(s + t2)} \right); \\
& \text{Eig6} := -r^{11} - r^2 - 1 \\
& \text{Mult6} := \frac{r^{25} + r^{13} + r}{r^{18} + r^{17} - r^{15} - r^{14} + r^{12} + r^{11} - r^9 + r^7 + r^6 - r^4 - r^3 + r + 1} \tag{55}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& > \text{Eig7} := \text{simplify} \left(\frac{(\alpha^2 + s \cdot t2 - t2)}{t2} \right); \text{Mult7} := \\
& \quad \text{simplify} \left(\frac{t2^5 s (\alpha^2 + \alpha + 1)(\alpha^2 - \alpha + 1)(s t2 + 1)}{(\alpha^2 + \alpha t2 + t2^2)(\alpha^2 - \alpha t2 + t2^2)(s + t2)} \right); \\
& \quad \text{Eig7} := r^{10} + r - 1 \\
& \quad \text{Mult7} := \frac{r^{26} + r^{14} + r^2}{(r^8 - r^4 + 1)(r^6 + r^5 - r^3 + r + 1)} \tag{56}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& > \text{Eig8} := \text{simplify} \left(\frac{(s^2 \cdot t2 - s \cdot t2 - \alpha^2)}{s \cdot t2} \right); \text{Mult8} := \text{simplify} \left(\frac{(\alpha^4 + \alpha^2 + 1)s^5 t2^5}{s^4 t2^4 + \alpha^2 s^2 t2^2 + \alpha^4} \right); \\
& \quad \text{Eig8} := -r^9 + r - 1 \\
& \quad \text{Mult8} := r^3 (r^{12} - r^6 + 1) \tag{57}
\end{aligned}$$

$$> \text{rem}(r^{26} + r^{14} + r^2, r^8 - r^4 + 1, r); \tag{58}$$

If Mult 7 is integral then $r^{26} + r^{14} + r^2$ is divisible by $r^8 - r^4 + 1$.

The latter is however

not true as the remainder of the division is equal to $r^2 < r^8 - r^4 + 1$.