On Cameron-Liebler line classes with large parameter

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A Cameron-Liebler line class in PG(3,q) is a set \mathcal{L} of $x(q^2 + q + 1)$ lines of PG(3,q) with the property that any spread of PG(3,q) shares exactly x lines with \mathcal{L} .

In the talk, which reports on joint work with Jeroen Demeyer, Klaus Metsch and Morgan Rodgers, we will overview some non-existence results of Cameron-Liebler line classes for relatively small parameter x. Then we continue with reporting on attempts to construct (several) infinite families of examples for parameter $x \in \mathcal{O}(q^2)$, for different values of q, based on the assumption that a group of order $q^2 + q + 1$ acts as an automorphism group on the line class, using the initial information we got from [1, 2]. We will discuss how the representation of AG(3, q) as \mathbb{F}_{q^3} was used to geometricly understand the orbits of the points of PG(3, q) under the group, and we overview the state of the art of the currently known examples.

References

- [1] M. Rodgers. Private communication.
- [2] M. Rodgers. Some new examples of cameron-liebler line classes in PG(3, q). Des. Codes Cryptogr.,