Minimal blocking sets of size $q^2 + 2$ of Q(4, q), q an odd prime, do not exist

Jan De Beule

Department of Pure Mathematics and Computer algebra Ghent University Galglaan 2 Gent Belgium jdebeule@cage.ugent.be

Joint work with Klaus Metsch

Consider the finite generalized quadrangle Q(4, q), q odd. An *ovoid* is a set \mathcal{O} of points of Q(4, q) such that every line of the quadric contains exactly one point of \mathcal{O} . A *blocking set* is a set \mathcal{B} of points of Q(4, q) such that every line of the quadric contains at least one point of \mathcal{B} . A blocking set \mathcal{B} is called *minimal* if for every point $p \in \mathcal{B}$, the set $\mathcal{B} \setminus \{p\}$ is not a blocking set.

The GQ Q(4, q) has always ovoids. Recently, it was proved that all ovoids of Q(4, q), q an odd prime, are elliptic quadrics [2]. The main step is proving that all elliptic quadrics intersect the ovoid in 1 mod p points. This is a result for all q odd, $q = p^h$, p prime, but when p is a prime, it is shown in [2] that this result implies that the ovoid is an elliptic quadric. The 1 mod p result for ovoids of Q(4, q) was obtained also in an earlier paper [1].

We consider a minimal blocking set \mathcal{B} of size $q^2 + 2$ of Q(4,q), q odd. Using the same algebraic description of W(3,q) (the dual of Q(4,q)) as in [1], and the structure of the multiple-blocked lines with respect to \mathcal{B} , derived from a theorem from [3], we obtain the intersectionnumbers of \mathcal{B} with elliptic quadrics contained in Q(4,q)). Using again the structure of the multiple-blocked lines with respect to \mathcal{B} , intersectionnumbers with hyperbolic quadrics and cones contained in Q(4,q) can also be obtained.

If we suppose now that q is a prime, all these intersectionnumbers are strong enough to exclude the existence of \mathcal{B} , using geometrical and combinatorial arguments.

References

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