

# Grassmannians of arbitrary rank

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Let  $V$  be a vector space and let  $k$  be a natural number. We call the  $k$ -dimensional subspaces points and define lines as sets of  $k$ -dimensional subspaces that intersect in a common hyperplane and are contained in common  $(k + 1)$ -dimensional subspace. This yields a geometry called Grassmannian. For this concept  $V$  does not have to be of finite dimension. Instead of  $k$ -dimensional subspaces one can also consider subspaces of finite codimension. Things get different if one considers subspaces of infinite dimension and infinite codimension as points. In this case, a bunch of problems appear. We will show how these problems can be handled. Furthermore, we give a concept how to define chamber systems and buildings starting with these generalised Grassmannians.